Bed Bugs: What Schools Need to Know



Recently, West Virginia and other states have seen an increased number of bed bug infestations plaguing residents. As bed bugs infest more and more homes, they may find their way into schools. When this happens, the school needs to take proactive action to prevent infestation and stop them from spreading in the school setting.

What are bed bugs?

Bed bugs are small, brownish, flattened insects that feed on the blood of people while they sleep. Although the bite does not hurt at the time, it may develop into an itchy welt similar to a mosquito bite. Bed bugs do not transmit disease, but they can cause significant itchiness, anxiety, and sleeplessness. Bed bug infestations are also very difficult and expensive to control.

Usually, bed bugs will hide during the day and only come out to feed during the night. Unlike head lice, they do not live on a person. However, they can hitchhike from one place to another in backpacks, clothing, luggage, books, and other items.





Could my classroom be infested?

Actual bed bug infestations in schools are uncommon. More commonly, a few bed bugs will hitchhike to school from an infested home by hiding in a student's clothing or backpack. Bed bugs that hitch a ride into the school in one student's backpack could be carried home by another student, making the school a potential hub for bed bug spread. This is not a minor concern - bed bugs are very expensive and difficult to eradicate.

If a school plans to use pesticides to control pests indoors, then they are required under West Virginia law to have an **integrated pest management (IPM)** plan in place. If a bed bug infestation is suspected or a number of students are getting bitten during class, the school should contact a **licensed pest management professional** for assistance.





What if I find a bed bug on a student?

If a bed bug is found on a student, it may indicate that the student has bed bugs at home. However, bed bugs can crawl onto or off of a person (or their belongings) at any time, so it is also possible that the bed bug was brought to school by someone else. If a suspected bed bug is found on a student or a student's belongings, the following procedures should be followed:

- The student should be discreetly removed from the classroom so that the school nurse or a
 qualified individual can examine the student's clothing and other belongings. Any bugs found
 should be removed and collected for identification. Try to keep the specimens as intact as
 possible.
- If a confirmed bed bug was found on a student, then the school principal or nurse should contact the student's parents or guardian to inform them of the bed bug presence on their child. Consider sending a bed bug inspection form home, a sample is provided at the end of this document. Educational materials, such as those available at http://www.epa.gov/bedbugs/ should also be provided to the family.
- The school principal or nurse or center program director should consider notifying the affected class or classes. A sample notification letter is provided at the end of this document.
- Students should not be excluded from school due to bed bugs unless repeated efforts have been made to remedy an infestation. Schools should not be closed due to bed bug presence, if pest management is necessary it will normally be targeted to certain areas of the school.
- Ongoing pest management that includes the use of pesticides indoors should be overseen by the school IPM Coordinator and must conform to the school's integrated pest management plan, as required by West Virginia law (Legislative Rules Title 61 Series 12J).



What can I do to eliminate bed bugs from my classroom?

- DO NOT allow untrained, unlicensed staff to apply pesticides on school property. By law, only IPM certified applicators can apply pesticides (even ready-to-use products like sprays) in schools, and in compliance with WV IPM rules.
- Backpacks, lunchboxes, and other items that travel back and forth to school can also be inspected daily and sealed in plastic containers to prevent bed bugs from getting into them at home.
- Hard surfaces can be cleaned with standard cleaning products.
- If bed bugs have been found repeatedly in a particular classroom, have the room inspected by a pest management professional or other trained staff.

What if one of my students has an infestation at home?

When a student is dealing with an infestation at home, it is important to be sensitive to their problem. Although bed bugs have nothing to do with cleanliness or socioeconomic status, there is still a stigma that can come with having bed bugs. As a result, parents may be hesitant to admit to having bed bugs, and students may not want others to know they have an infestation at home. Students living in an infested home may also feel anxious or tired during the school day.

Schools should work with the parents of any student living in an infested home to develop strategies for preventing the further spread of bed bugs.

- Determine if the infested home is being treated. Home remedies and do-it-yourself treatments
 are usually insufficient and could cause negative health effects or produce potential hazards in
 the home.
- If a parent lacks the financial resources to hire a pest management professional, they can reference the online resources at: http://www.epa.gov/bedbugs/.
- In an infested home, parents should store their child's freshly laundered clothing in sealed plastic bags until they are put on in the morning. This prevents bed bugs from hiding in the clothing and being carried to school.
- Backpacks, lunchboxes, and other items that travel back and forth to school can also be inspected daily and stored in sealed plastic containers at home to prevent bed bugs from getting into them.
- At school, the student could be provided with plastic bags or bins in which to store their belongings in order to prevent any bed bugs from spreading to other students' belongings.
- If bed bugs are finding their way into the school, consider notifying the affected classes. A sample notification letter is provided at the end of this document.
- Continue to use these measures until successful treatment of the home has been verified.

Additional Resources

- EPA Bed Bug resources http://www.epa.gov/bedbugs/
- Central Ohio Bed Bug Task Force http://centralohiobedbugs.org/
- Bed Bug Action Plan for Schools
 http://www.vdacs.virginia.gov/pesticides/pdf

 files/bb-schools1.pdf



Bed bug images provided by U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

Bed bug bite image provided by University of Sydney Department of Medical Entomology

Bed bugs in baseboard image provided by Ohio State University Extension Entomology



Michigan Department of Community Health

Education

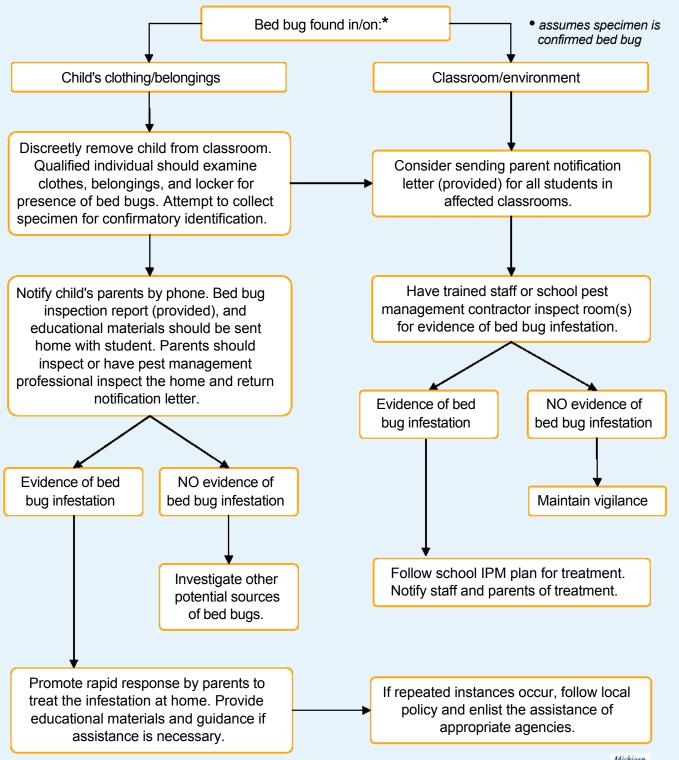
Michigan Bed Bug Working Group (May 2010)

Bed Bugs: School Response Flowchart

School Responsibility:

Providing a healthy, pest-free environment in which students can excel **Parent/Caregiver Responsibility:**

Providing a safe and healthy living environment for the student



See the Schools and Daycares section of Michigan's Bed Bug Prevention and Control Manual for detailed instructions.

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